# Unit 4 Day 10 Solving Rational Equations

# Warm-up: Simplify without a calculator! (Leave your answer as a simplified fraction)

1.  $\frac{5}{12} - \frac{1}{12} =$  3.  $\frac{4}{5} + \frac{1}{7} =$ 



- 5. Suppose that y varies inversely as  $x^2$  and that y = 6 when x = 9.
  - a) Find the equation that represents the relationship of x and y.
  - b) Find the value of y when x = 3.



#### Extra Warm Up: BY HAND = NO CALCULATOR!

Create a **table** and completely graph the function by hand! 6.  $y = \sqrt[3]{x+2}$ 7.  $y = \sqrt{x-1}$ 



8. What is the domain and range of the function:

$$f(x) = \left| 4x - 4c \right| - 7$$

Warm-up Answers: Simplify without a calculator! (Leave your answer as a simplified fraction)

1.  $\frac{5}{12} - \frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$ 3.  $\frac{4}{5} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{33}{35}$ 2.  $\frac{6}{4} - \frac{3}{7} = \frac{15}{14}$ 4.  $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{6} = \frac{3}{2}$ 

5. Suppose that y varies inversely as  $x^2$  and that y = 6 when x = 9.

a) Find the equation that represents the relationship of x and y.

$$y = \frac{k}{x^2} \quad 6 = \frac{k}{(9)^2} \quad k = 486 \qquad y = \frac{486}{x^2}$$
  
b) Find the value of y when x = 3. 
$$y = \frac{486}{(3)^2} = \frac{486}{9} = 54$$

#### Warm Up ANSWERS: BY HAND = NO CALCULATOR!

Create a **table** and completely graph the function by hand! 6.  $y = \sqrt[3]{x+2}$ 7.  $y = \sqrt{x-1}$ 



8. What is the domain and range of the function:

 $(-\infty,\infty)$  $[-7,\infty)$ 

$$f(x) = |4x - 4c| - 7$$
 Domain:  
Range:

# Tonight's Homework Packet p. 16

Remember: \*Mini Quizzes do occur! \*Test is soon!



## **Homework Answers**

- <u>Direct Variation</u>: **Divide y by x** for each ordered pair. If the result is a constant (k), then the function is a direct variation.
- Inverse Variation: Multiply x by y for each ordered pair. If the result is constant, the function is an inverse variation.
- 3. Direct, k = 7 4. Neither 5. Direct, k = 9

6. Inverse, k = 12 7. Inverse, k = 4 8. Inverse, k = 32

9. x = 2 10. x = 10

## **Homework Answers**

- 11. a. k = 1915.2 b. y ≈ 3.02 c. x = 27.36
- 12. a. k = 324000 b. y = 7200
- 13. a. k = 5400 b. x = 77.14 min c. y = 72 d. x = 54 min
- 14. a. As time increases, the amount of water leaked increases
  b. k = 5
  c. 500 gallons
  - d. 20 hours

#### **Homework Answers**

15. y = 4x ; y = 24
16. y = -108/x ; x = -21.6
17. y = 12xz ; y = 288
18. y = 64/x ; x = 21.33

19. I = 120/R

20. a) The force is cut in half (divided by 2)  $F = \frac{kv^2}{2r}$ b) The force increases 9 times.  $F = \frac{k(3v)^2}{r}$ c) The force increases by 4.5 times.  $F = \frac{k(1.5v)^2}{.5r}$ 

# **Notes p. 39 Solving Rational Equations**

A **rational equation** is an equation that contains one or more rational expressions. It can have a variable in the number and/or the denominator. *Our* goal when solving rational equations is to eliminate the fractions and solve the equation for the variable!

Recall that when you graph a rational function, there is a vertical asymptote. This is an x-value that the graph approaches but **NEVER** touches. When you solve rational equations, there are some values for x that must be excluded from the domain because they will make the <u>denominator equal to zero</u>, and dividing by zero is **undefined**.

Any number that causes the denominator to equal zero is called an excluded value (EV)

To find excluded values, <u>factor the denominator</u> (if possible), then set the factors equal to zero and solve for the variable; the solutions are excluded values. When solving rational equations, if **all solutions of the rational equation are excluded values** then there is **<u>no solution</u>** to the rational equation!

To solve <u>simple rational equations</u>, the cross product property can be utilized to eliminate the fraction leaving a linear equation to solve. **REMEMBER**: <u>Check your final answers</u> to make sure they are not an excluded value!

#### **Solving Rational Equations**

Examples: Using the cross product property, solve the following equations. Do not forge to determine the excluded values.

1. 
$$\frac{6}{x} = \frac{3}{7}$$
 EV:  $\underline{x \neq 0}$   
2.  $\frac{4}{x-7} = \frac{6}{x}$  EV:  $\underline{x \neq 0, 7}$   
3.  $\frac{-5}{x+4} = \frac{1}{x+4}$  EV:  $\underline{x \neq -4}$   
4.  $\frac{6}{x+5} = \frac{x}{6}$  EV:  $\underline{x \neq -5}$   
 $x = -4$   
BUT  $x = -4$  is an excluded value  
So.... No Solution!  
 $x = -9, 4$ 

#### **Solving Rational Equations**

When your rational equation is in the format fraction = fraction then you can just cross-multiply to solve – and watch for excluded values. Some rational equations, like the ones below, are not that simple. For ones like the type below, we need another method....

Examples: <u>Multiply through by the LCD to solve</u> the following equations. Do not forget to determine the excluded values.



#### You Try! Solving Rational Equations

Examples: Solve the rational equation. Do not forget to determine the excluded values.

7. 
$$\frac{8}{x+8} = \frac{x}{x+2}$$
 EV:  $\underline{x \neq -8, -2}$   
8.  $\frac{4}{x+2} + 3 = \frac{9}{x+2}$  EV:  $\underline{x \neq -2}$   
 $x = -1/3$   
 $x = -4, 4$ 

9. 
$$\frac{3x}{x-1} - 2 = \frac{10}{x-1}$$
 EV:  $\underline{X \neq 1}$  10.  $\frac{12}{x+2} = \frac{7}{x-3}$  EV:  $\underline{X \neq -2, 3}$ 

(Work on next slide)

# You Try Work

Examples: Solve the rational equation. Do not forget to determine the excluded values.

7. 
$$\frac{8}{x+8} = \frac{x}{x+2}$$
 EV:  $\frac{x \neq -8}{-2}$   
 $5x + 16 = x^{2} + 8x$   
 $x^{2} - 16 = 0$   
 $(x+4)(x-4) = 0$   
 $x = 4 - 4$   
9.  $(\frac{3x}{x-1} - 2 = \frac{10}{x-1})$  EV:  $x \neq 1$   
 $3x - 2x + 2 = 10$   
 $x + 2 = 10$   
 $x = 7$   
 $y = 10$   
 $x = 7$   
 $y = 10$   
 $x = 2x + 2 = 10$   
 $x = 2$   
 $x = 10$   
 $x = 2x + 2 = 10$   
 $x = 2$   
 $x = 10$   
 $x = 20$   
 $x = 10$   
 $x = 20$   
 $x = 10$   
 $x = 10$ 



# **Solving Rational Equations Practice**

# Notes p. 40 #1-6



# **Practice Answers**

Solve the rational equation. Do not forget to determine the excluded values.

1. 
$$\frac{3}{x} = \frac{2}{x+4} \text{ EV: } \underline{x \neq 0, -4}$$
  
 $3x + 12 = 2x$   
 $x = -12$   
2.  $\frac{x+1}{2x+5} = \frac{2}{x} \text{ EV: } \underline{x \neq 0, -5/2}$   
 $x^{2} + x = 4x + 10$   
 $x^{2} - 3x - 10 = 0$   
 $(x-5)(x+2) = 0$   
 $x = 5, -2$   
3.  $\frac{3}{(x+2)} + 5 = \frac{4}{x+2} \text{ EV: } \underline{x \neq -2}$   
 $3 + 5x + 10 = 4$   
 $5x + 13 = 4$   
 $x = -9/5$   
4.  $\frac{6}{x-3} = \frac{x}{18} \text{ EV: } \underline{x \neq 3}$   
 $108 = x^{2} - 3x$   
 $x = 12, -9$   
 $(x-12)(x+9) = 0$ 

5. EV: x ≠ -4, Answer: x = 0

6. EV: x ≠ 0, 2, Answer: x = 1/4

**Practice!** 



#### **Quiz Corrections**

# On separate sheet of GRAPH paper, rework the ones you missed. Show your work! Ask teacher or neighbors for help! Be better prepared for our test coming up. ③

#### Kahoot!

https://play.kahoot.it/#/?quizId=fe331d08-ae69-4dc1-a78bc4d28e539abd

#### Kahoot!

https://create.kahoot.it/?ga=1.234693214.1782845466.141 3554510#quiz/13018359-9177-4366-ab71-14997c675d79

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