

Whiteboard Review

①

a) $f(x)$ Domain
all real numbers

$g(x)$ Domain
all real numbers

b) Range
 $y > 0$

Range
 $y > 4$

②

$f(x)$ Asymptote
 $y = 0$

$g(x)$ Asymptote
 $y = 4$

③

$f(x)$ is the parent

$g(x)$ is translated left 2
and up 4 from parent $f(x)$

④

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt[4]{128x^7y^7} \\ & \sqrt[4]{8 \cdot 16x^4x^3y^4y^3} \\ & \sqrt[4]{2^3 \cdot 2^4x^4x^3y^4y^3} \\ & \sqrt[4]{2^4x^4y^4} \cdot \sqrt[4]{2^3x^3y^3} \\ & \boxed{2xy\sqrt[4]{8x^3y^3}} \end{aligned}$$

⑤

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt[3]{-16a^3b^8} \\ & \sqrt[3]{-8 \cdot 2a^3 \cdot b^6b^2} \\ & \sqrt[3]{(-2)^3 \cdot 2a^3 \cdot b^6b^2} \\ & \sqrt[3]{(-2)^3a^3b^6} \cdot \sqrt[3]{2b^2} \\ & \boxed{-2ab^2\sqrt[3]{2b^2}} \end{aligned}$$

⑥

Solve

$$3646 = 1 + 5(4r+17)^{3/2}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 \quad -1 \\ \hline 3645 = 5(4r+17)^{3/2} \\ \hline 5 \quad 5 \\ \hline (729)^{2/3} = ((4r+17)^{3/2})^{2/3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 81 = 4r+17 \\ -17 \quad -17 \\ \hline 64 = 4r \quad \boxed{r=16} \end{array}$$

⑦

Solve

$$((n-27)^{3/2})^{2/3} = (64)^{2/3}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} n-27 = 16 \\ +27 \quad +27 \\ \hline \boxed{n=43} \end{array}$$

Whiteboard Review (continued)

8 $P = 6191(1.04)^x$ what is % of increase?

$b = 1.04$

$b = 1 + r$ ← because increase, need plus

$1.04 = 1 + r$

$-1 \quad -1$

$.04 = r$

$r = 4\%$

9 $26 = -1 + (27x)^{3/4}$

$+1 \quad +1$

$(27)^{4/3} = ((27x)^{3/4})^{4/3}$

$\frac{81}{27} = \frac{27x}{27}$

$3 = x$

10 $\sqrt{2v-7} = v-3$ Solve

$(\sqrt{2v-7})^2 = (v-3)^2$

$2v-7 = v^2 - 6v + 9$

$-2v + 7 \quad -2v + 9$

$0 = v^2 - 8v + 16$

$0 = (v-4)(v-4)$

$v = 4$

check $\sqrt{2(4)-7} = 4-3$

$\sqrt{1} = 1 \checkmark$

11 $(81m^6)^{1/2}$ Simplify

$(81)^{1/2} (m^6)^{1/2}$

$\sqrt{81} m^{6 \cdot 1/2}$

$9 m^{3}$

$9m^3$

12 Solve $3 = \sqrt{b-1}$

$3^2 = (\sqrt{b-1})^2$

$9 = b-1$

$+1 \quad +1$

$10 = b$

check $3 = \sqrt{10-1} \checkmark$

13 initial car value = 25,000

5 yrs later value = 22,000

$(0, 25000) \quad (5, 22000)$

$x \quad y \quad x_1 \quad y_1$

$y = y_1 \cdot b^{x-x_1}$

$25000 = 22000 \cdot b^{0-5}$

$25000 = 22000 \cdot b^{-5}$

$\frac{25000}{22000} = \frac{22000}{25000} \cdot b^{-5}$

$\left(\frac{25}{22}\right)^{1/5} = (b^{-5})^{1/5}$

$.9748 = b$

$b = 1 - r$

$.9748 = 1 - r$

$-1 \quad -1$

$-.0252 = -r$

subtract because decrease

$r = 2.52\%$

Whiteboard Review (continued)

(14) $x^{1/2} \cdot x^{1/5}$
 $1/2 + 1/5$
 $x^{5/10 + 2/10}$
 $x^{7/10}$

(15) $3\sqrt{3y^3} - y\sqrt{27y}$
 $3\sqrt{3y^2 \cdot y} - y\sqrt{9\sqrt{3y}}$
 $3\sqrt{y^2\sqrt{3y}} - y \cdot 3\sqrt{3y}$
 $3y\sqrt{3y} - 3y\sqrt{3y} = 0\sqrt{3y} = \boxed{0}$

(16) $\log(x+8) + 5 = g(x)$

$g(x)$ is translated left 8, up 5 from $f(x) = \log x$

(17) $\sqrt[5]{576y^5x^{12}}$
 $\sqrt[5]{32 \cdot 18y^5x^{10}x^2}$
 $\sqrt[5]{32y^5x^{10}} \cdot \sqrt[5]{18x^2}$
 $2x^2y\sqrt[5]{18x^2}$

(18) $\sqrt{-10+7p} = p$ Solve

$(\sqrt{-10+7p})^2 = p^2$
 $-10+7p = p^2$
 $+10-7p$ $+10-7p$

$0 = p^2 - 7p + 10$

$0 = (p-5)(p-2)$

$p = 5, 2$

check $\sqrt{-10+7(5)} = 5 \checkmark$
 $\sqrt{-10+7(2)} = 2 \checkmark$

(19) Magnesium 27 has 1/2 life of 9 yrs

Initial 50g = a

$y = 50 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{x/9}$

$\frac{x}{9}$ figures out the # of times the half life occurred over x years

Whiteboard Review

(20) $\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a^2}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)^{-6} = \left(\frac{a^{2/3}}{b^{1/2}}\right)^{-6}$

$$\frac{a^{2/3 \cdot -6}}{b^{1/2 \cdot -6}} = \frac{a^{-12/3}}{b^{-3}} = \frac{a^{-4}}{b^{-3}} = \frac{b^3}{a^4}$$

(21) $\frac{5 \cdot 6^{3m}}{5} = \frac{20}{5}$ Solve

$$6^{3m} = 4$$

$$\log 6^{3m} = \log 4$$

$$3m \log 6 = \log 4$$

$$m = \frac{\log 4}{3 \log 6} = 0.2579$$

(22) $5(10)^{x+7} + 6 = 66$ Solve

$$\frac{5(10)^{x+7}}{5} = \frac{60}{5}$$

$$10^{x+7} = 12$$

$$\log 10^{x+7} = \log 12$$

$$\frac{(x+7) \log 10}{\log 10} = \frac{\log 12}{\log 10}$$

$$x+7 = \frac{\log 12}{\log 10} - 7$$

$$x = \frac{\log 12}{\log 10} - 7$$

$$x = -5.9208$$

(23) $(4, 252.2)$ $(12, 203.88)$
 x y x_1 y_1

$$y = y_1 \cdot b^{x-x_1}$$

$$252.2 = 203.88 \cdot b^{4-12}$$

$$\frac{252.2}{203.88} = \frac{203.88}{203.88} \cdot b^{-8}$$

$$1.2370 = (b^{-8})^{-1/8}$$

$$.9738 = b$$

$$y = y_1 \cdot b^{x-x_1}$$

$$y = 203.88 (.9738)^{x-12}$$

put $x=0$ to find initial value

$$y = 280.50 = \text{initial value} = a$$

$$y = 280.50 (.9738)^x$$

(24) $y = 4x + 5$ Find Inverse

$$x = 4y + 5$$

$$\frac{x-5}{4} = \frac{4y}{4}$$

$$y = \frac{x-5}{4} \text{ or } \frac{1}{4}(x-5) = y$$

(25) $y = 3x^5 + 7$ Find inverse

$$x = 3y^5 + 7$$

$$\frac{x-7}{3} = \frac{3y^5}{3}$$

$$\sqrt[5]{\frac{x-7}{3}} = \sqrt[5]{y^5}$$

$$y = \sqrt[5]{\frac{x-7}{3}}$$

or

$$y = \left(\frac{x-7}{3}\right)^{1/5}$$

Whiteboard Review (continued)

26

$$6^x = 1296$$

$$\log_6 1296 = x$$

check

$$\log_6 1296 = x$$
$$6^x = 1296$$

convert
to
logarithmic
form
↓
do log loop!!

27

$$7^x = 343$$

$$\log_7 343 = x$$

check

$$\log_7 343 = x$$
$$7^x = 343$$

convert
to
logarithmic
form
↓
Do log loop!!

28

Find exponential model from table

→ enter data in L1 and L2

then do ExpReg L1, L2, Y1

$$y = 30.86 (0.8319)^x$$