Unit 1 Day 5

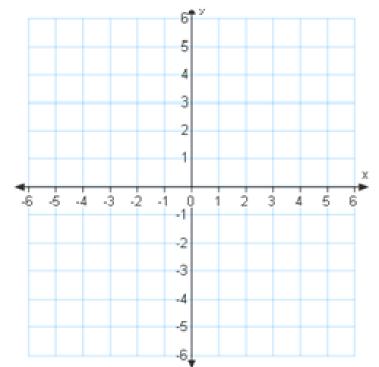
Compositions & Quiz

<u>Warm Up</u>

Given triangle GHI with G(-2, 1), H(3, 4) and I(1, 5), find the points of the image under the following transformations and write the Algebraic Rule for each.

2

- 1) Translate right 2, down 3 G'(0, -2), H'(5, 1), I'(3, 2) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x+2, y-3)$
- 2) Reflect over the x-axis G'(-2, -1), H'(3, -4), I'(1, -5) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x, -y)$
- 3) Rotate 90 degrees, counter-clockwise G'(-1, -2), H'(-4, 3), I'(-5, 1) $(x, y) \rightarrow (-y, x)$
- 4) Dilate with a scale factor of 3 G'(-6, 3), H'(9, 12), I'(3, 15) $(x, y) \rightarrow (3x, 3y)$



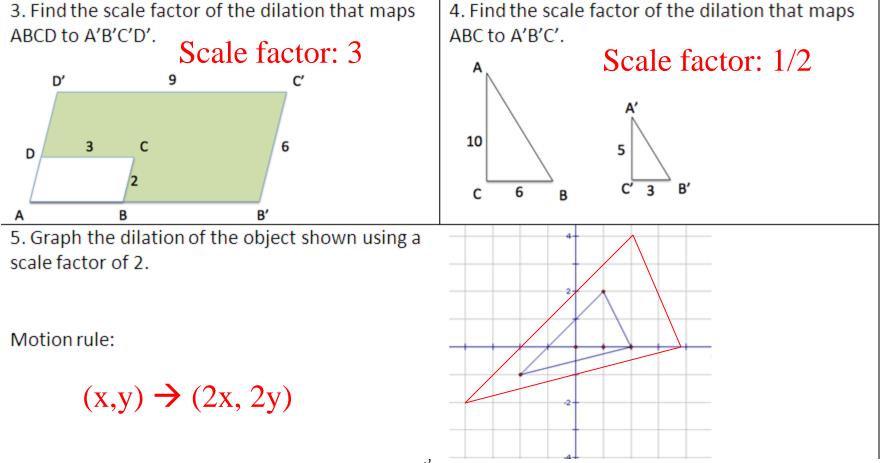


Day 4 Homework

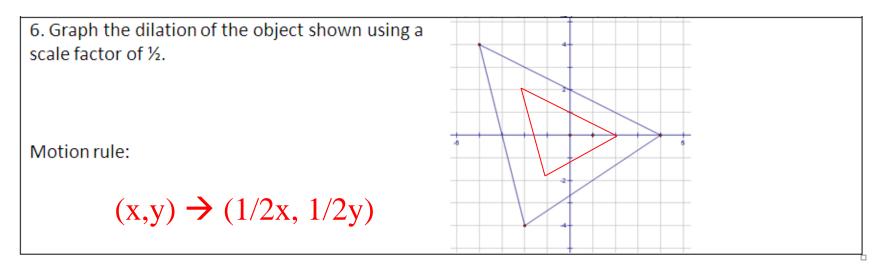
1. Describe the transformation given by <u>rule</u> $(x, y) \rightarrow (3x, y)$. Is it an <u>isometry</u>? **Horizontal dilation. This is not an isometry.**

2. Write a rule that would cause a dilation by 3; a dilation by 1/2.

 $(x,y) \rightarrow (3x, 3y);$ $(x,y) \rightarrow (1/2x, 1/2y)$



Day 4 Homework



Advanced:

7. The package for a model airplane states the scale is 1:63. The length of the model is 7.6 cm. What is the length of the actual airplane?

Actual airplane: 478.8 cm

8. Another model airplane states the scale is 1:96. The length of the real airplane is 48 feet. What is the length of the model?

Model: ¹/₂ foot or 6 inches

Day 5 HW Answers: Packet p. 13-14 Even

- 2) 2/3 12) 9
- 4) 2/3 14) 13/5
- 6) 6/7 16) 13/12
- 8) 1/16
- 10) (x+1)/2

- 18) 12/13
- 20) x=10
- 22) x=20
- 24) x=-1/3

26) x=5/2

Day 5 HW Answers: Packet p. 15

- 1) x=60 y=120 z=120 w=120
- 2) x=80 y=100 z=80 w=80
- 3) x=61 y=119 z=119
- 4) X=80 y=100 z=80 w=100
- 5) x=60 y=150
- 6) x=60
- 7) x=80 y=90

Homework

Packet p. 18-20 odds
 Packet p. 16-17 Evens and #1



Print HW Packet Day 5-7, if not yet! That's where tonight's homework is located

Did you print your packet for today?

If not, be sure to print it tonight!

If you still can't print tonight, you still must do the homework! If this happens, do your homework on notebook paper, looking at the packet on Blackboard.

Remember, if you'd like me to print for you, have a parent email me ASAP.



Compositions

A **glide reflection** is the composition of a **translation** and a **reflection** where the **translation** motion is **parallel** to the **reflection** line.

Complete the Discovery Activity: Notes p. 18 – 20 #1-14 If needed, borrow a ruler & protractor (front table)



A <u>composition</u> is a sequence of <u>transformations</u>.

Two reflections across <u>parallel</u> lines is the same as a <u>translation</u>.

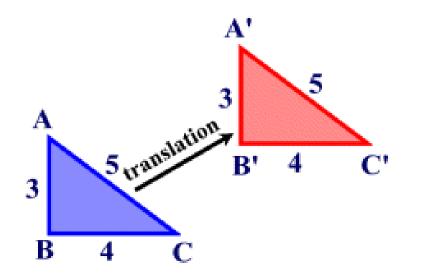
A <u>rotation</u> is the same as a double reflection around <u>nonparallel (or intersecting)</u> lines.

The point of rotation is the <u>intersection</u> of the <u>nonparallel lines</u>.

Summary Continued

Same Orientation: Facing the same direction

<u>TIP to check</u>: If vertices are labeled alphabetically with ABC and A'B'C', read them in alphabetical order. They should read <u>both clockwise or both counterclockwise</u>.



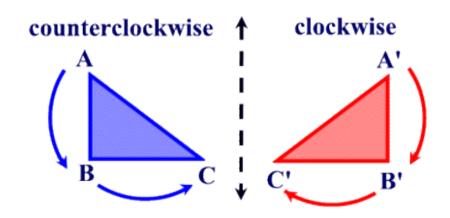
Ex: To do alphabetical order, you read ABC and A'B'C' counterclockwise, so these figures have the same orientation.



Opposite Orientation: Facing the opposite direction

<u>TIP to check</u>: If vertices are labeled alphabetically with ABC and A'B'C', read them in alphabetical order. They should read <u>one clockwise and one</u> <u>counterclockwise</u>.

Ex: To do alphabetical order, you must read ABC counterclockwise but must read A'B'C' clockwise. So these figures have opposite orientation.



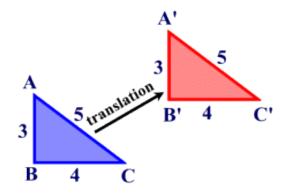
Summary Continued

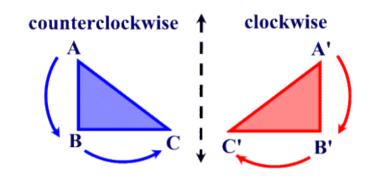
Orientation can be helpful in describing and <u>identifying</u> transformations.

ADD the info below to your notes!!

If figures have the same orientation, your transformation is a translation or a rotation.

If figures have opposite orientation, your transformation is a reflection.





Can't tell what transformation you have? Check the orientation to narrow down your choices! ©



Practice:

Compositions of Transformations with Coordinates AND Algebra Rules

Notes p.21 & 22



Practice 1: Notes p.21

 1) 5
 5) 1

 2) 3
 6) 2

 3) 5
 7) 1

 4) 7
 8) 4

Answers Notes p.22

- 1) Translate the triangle 4 units right and 2 units up, and then reflect the triangle over the line y=x. $(x, y) \Rightarrow (y + 4, y + 2)$ $(x, y) \Rightarrow (y, x)$
- 2) Rotate the triangle 90 degrees counter clockwise, and then dilate the figure by a scale factor of 3. $(\chi, \gamma) \rightarrow (-\gamma, \chi)$ $(\chi, \gamma) \rightarrow (-\gamma, \chi)$

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (-3y, 3x)$$

 $(x, y) \rightarrow (y+2, x+4)$

3) Translate the triangle 4 units left and 2 units down, and then reflect the triangle over the y-axis.

$$(x,y) \rightarrow (x-u, y-2)$$
 $(x,y) \rightarrow (-x,y)$

 $(x, y) \rightarrow (1/3y, -1/3x)$

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (-(x-4), y-2)$$

4) Rotate the triangle 90 degrees clockwise, and then dilate the figure by a scale factor of 1/3. $(\chi, \gamma) \rightarrow (\gamma, -\chi)$ $(\chi, \gamma) \rightarrow (\gamma, -\chi)$ $(\chi, \gamma) \rightarrow (\gamma, -\chi)$

Answers Notes p.22 cont.

5) Translate the triangle 4 units right and 2 units down, and then reflect the triangle over the x-axis.

$$(x,y) \rightarrow (x+4, y-3) \qquad (x,y) \rightarrow (x,-y)$$

$$(x,y) \rightarrow (x+4, -(y-2))$$

6) Rotate the triangle 180 degrees counter clockwise, and then dilate the figure by a scale factor of 2.

 $(x,y) \rightarrow (-x, -y)$ $(x,y) \rightarrow (2x, 2y)$

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (-2x, -2y)$$

7) Translate the triangle 4 units left and 2 units up, and then reflect the triangle over the line y=x.

$$(x,y) \rightarrow (x-4, y+2)$$
 $(x,y) \rightarrow (y,x)$

 $(x, y) \rightarrow (-1/2x, -1/2y)$

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (y+2, x-4)$$

8) Rotate the triangle 180 degrees clockwise, and then dilate the figure by a scale factor of 1/2. $(\chi, \chi) \rightarrow (-\chi, -\chi)$ $(\chi, \chi) \rightarrow (-\chi, -\chi)$

Homework

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